14 (COM-2) 2016

2024

COMMERCE

Paper: COM-2016

(Economic Legislations)

Full Marks: 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer Question Nos. 1 & 2 and any four from the rest.

- 1. Choose the correct answer: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (i) Who among the following is termed as a consumer under the Competition Act, 2002?
 - (a) A buyer
 - (b) A reseller
 - (c) A hirer
 - (d) All of the above

- (ii) The time limit to get information from public authority under the RTI Act, 2005 if it is related to the life and liberty of a person is
 - (a) 24 hr
 - (b) 72 hr
 - (c) 48 hr
 - (d) 52 hr
- (iii) Which stage of money laundering involves integrating illicit funds into the financial system through complex financial transactions?
 - (a) Placement
 - (b) Layering
 - (c) Integrating
 - (d) Implementation

- (iv) What is the maximum period within which an adjudicating authority should complete an inquiry under FEMA?
 - (a) 1 year
 - (b) 6 months
 - (c) 90 days
 - (d) 2 years
- (v) Under the SEBI Act, 1992 who appoints the members of the Board of SEBI?
 - (a) The President
 - (b) The Union Cabinet of India
 - (c) Ministry of Finance
 - (d) The Central Government

- (vi) What does the term 'pre-packaged commodity' mean under the Legal Metrology Act, 2009?
 - (a) Any commodity that is packaged without the purchaser being present
 - (b) Commodities that require legal verification before sale
 - (c) Commodities packaged in standard weights and measures
 - (d) Packaging that contains only a single product
- (vii) In which year the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, was enacted in India?
 - (a) 1974:
 - (b) 1981
 - (c) 1991
 - (d) 1987

- 2. Give brief answers to the following questions: (any five) 5×5=25
 - (a) Discuss the significance of the RTI Act, 2005 in promoting transparency and accountability in the working of the government.
 - (b) What are the exceptions to the information that can be disclosed under the RTI Act, 2005?
 - (c) Discuss the process of 'Adjudication' by the 'Adjudicating Authority' under Section 8 of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002.
 - (d) Explain the concept of 'collective investment scheme' (CIS) as per the provisions of the Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Act, 1992.
 - (e) What are the powers conferred to the Director' under the PML Act, 2002?

- (f) State the objectives of the Competition Act, 2002.
- (g) Define 'foreign currency' and 'authorised person' as has been defined in the FEMA, 1999.
- 3. Define 'Combination' as per section 5 of the Competition Act, 2002. Also discuss the procedure of combination of one or more enterprises under the Act. 5+7=12
- Mention the powers and functions of State Pollution Control Board under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act.

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- 5. What is 'capital account transaction'? What are the capital account transactions prohibited under the FEMA, 1999? 6+6=12
- 6. Explain the provisions related to offences and penalties under the Legal Metrology Act, 2009.

- 7. (a) What are the general powers of central government regarding protection and preservation of environment as per the Environment Protection Act, 1986? 6
 - (b) Define 'Environment', 'Environmental Pollutant' and 'occupier' as per the Environmental Protection Act, 1986.

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8. How is the Securities Exchange Board of India constituted? Discuss the 'Power of Investigation' under section 11C of the SEBI Act, 1992. 4+8=12